GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
LABOUR
LOK SABHA

STARRED QUESTION NO:86
ANSWERED ON:01.03.2000
UNEMPLOYED PERSONS
RAM SHAKAL;S. AJAYA KUMAR

Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) the extent of opportunities of employment created in the organised sector during each of the last three years till date;

(b) the number of unemployed persons as on January, 2000 in the country, state-wise;

(c) the number of the skilled unemployed persons provided jobs in the country during each of the last three years, state-wise;

(d) whether the Government have formulated any scheme to provide employment to the unemployed persons; and

(e) if so, the details thereof?

Answer

MINISTER OF LABOUR (DR. SATYA NARAYAN JATIYA)

a) to e): A statement is laid on the table of the House.

STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO THE LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. 86 BY SHRI RAMSHAKAL AND SHRI AJAYA KUMAR S. REGARDING UNEMPLOYED PERSONS FOR REPLY ON 01.03.2000

As per the information collected through the employment market information programme of Directorate General of Employment & Training (DGE&T), Ministry of Labour, the employment in the organised sector (all establishments in the public sector and all non-agricultural establishments in the private sector employing 10 or more workers) as on 31st March, 1995, 1996, 1997 and 1998 (latest available) was of the order of 275.3, 279.4, 282.4 and 281.7 lakhs respectively.

It may, therefore, be seen that additional employment created in the organised sector during 1995-96 and 1996-97 was of the order of 4.1 and 3.0 lakhs respectively. 1997-98, however, did not show any generation of additional employment opportunities in the organised sector. State-wise number of job seekers, all of whom are not necessarily unemployed, on the Live Register of the Employment Exchanges in the country as on 30.11.99 (latest available) were as given in the Annexure -I. Total number of technically qualified persons (diploma holders, and graduates in science, engineering, agriculture, medicine, veterinary sciences, law, education), ITI qualified persons, and persons trained through Apprenticeship Training, provided employment through the Employment Exchanges, state-wise for the year 1994, 1995 and 1996 (latest available) is given in the Annexure - 2.

The primary objective of the Ninth Plan is to generate greater productive employment in the growth process itself by concentrating on sectors, sub-sectors and technologies which are more labour intensive in regions characterised by higher rate of unemployment and under employment. The Ninth Plan recognised the high incidence of unemployment and increasing casualisation of labour and adopted a Nationwide Employment Assurance Scheme. A Task Force under the Chairmanship of Dr. M.S. Ahluwalia, Member, Planning Commission has been set up to look into the employment generation taking place and suggest measures to generate at least one hundred million jobs in a period of 10 years (Ten million in each year).

ANNEXURE-I

ANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PART `B` OF LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO.86 DUE FOR REPLY ON 1.3.2000 Number of Job-seekers on the Live Register of Employment Exchanges as on 30.11.1999.

S.No.	State/Union Territories	(In Lakhs)
1.	Andhara Pradesh	32.04
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0.15
3	Assam	14.94
4	Bihar	31.76
5	Goa	1.07
6	Gujarat	9.37
7	Haryana	8.15
8	Himachal Pradesh	8.62

9	Jammu & Kashmir	1.63
10	Karnataka	18.84
11	Kerala	40.32
12	Madhya Pradesh	26.32
13	Maharashtra	41.85
14	Manipur	3.84
15	Meghalaya	0.37
16	Mizoram	0.93
17	Nagaland	0.36
18	Orissa	9.84
19	Punjab	5.56
20	Rajasthan	8.51
21	Sikkim	+
22	Tamil Nadu	43.60
23	Tripura	2.83
24	Uttar Pradesh	26.10
25	West Bengal	56.43
26	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	0.27
27	Chandigarh	1.05
28	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0.04
29	Delhi	9.56
30	Daman & Diu	0.07
31	Lakshadweep	0.10
32	Pondicherry	1.17
	TOTAL	405.70

+ No Employment Exchange is functioning in this State.
N.B. Figures may not add up to total due to rounding off.

ANNEXURE-IIANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PART `C` OF LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. 135 FOR REPLY ON 1.3.2000EMPLOYMENT PROVIDED THROUGH EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGES UNDER TECHNICAL CATEGORY.

(In thousands)

S.No.	State/Union Territories	1994	1995	1996
1.	Andhara Pradesh	5.6	1.9	3.1
2	Arunachal Pradesh	@		
3	Assam	0.1	0.2	0.4
4	Bihar	0.5	0.1	0.2
5	Goa	@	@	@
6	Gujarat	2.1	2.1	2.8
7	Haryana	0.9	1.1	1.7
8	Himachal Pradesh	0.5	0.4	0.9
9	Jammu & Kashmir	0.1	@	0.1
10	Karnataka	4.2	1.4	2.0
11	Kerala	3.6	3.4	3.5
12	Madhya Pradesh	2.3	1.9	2.6
13	Maharashtra	3.2	3.3	3.6
14	Manipur	@	@	@
15	Meghalaya	@	0.2	@
16	Mizoram	@	@	@
17	Nagaland	@	@	@
18	Orissa	1.1	1.2	0.9
19	Punjab	0.8	0.3	0.9
20	Rajasthan	3.3	4.3	5.2
21	Sikkim	+		
22	Tamil Nadu	3.0	2.4	2.8
23	Tripura	@	@	
24	Uttar Pradesh	0.9	1.9	0.9
25	West Bengal	0.5	1.1	0.9
26	Andaman & Nicobar Islands			
27	Chandigarh	0.3	0.2	0.1
28	Dadra & Nagar Haveli			
29	Delhi	1.2	3.0	0.9
30	Daman & Diu	@	@	@
31	Lakshadweep			
32	Pondicherry	0.1	0.1	@

TOTAL 34.3 30.5 33.6

+ No Employment Exchange is functioning in this State.
@ Less than fifty.
N.B. Figures may not add up to total due to rounding off.